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1. The final results of the conversations of MAO Tse-tung and Stalin in Moscow indicate to non-Communists in the Chinese Communist Government that the USSR has made concessions toward the Chinese Communists to pave the way for further advances in their influence in Asia. In their treatment of MAO Tse-tung and other leaders of the Chinese Communists they were showing the other Asiatic people that they have nothing to fear when they enter the USSR camp.
2. These non-Communists in Peiping also believe that a special effort was made in Moscow by the Soviets in the negotiations and in the conclusion of them to show that the Soviets were making no effort to interfere with the internal policies of the Chinese Government. The chief aim of the Soviets was to arrange it so that the Chinese relations with other countries would be firmly in their hands. The Soviets are willing for the Asiatic countries to remain neutral, in case of a war with the Western Powers, as long as they can maintain control of them.
3. The appointment of CHI Chao-ting to be delegate of the Chinese Communist Government to the UNESCO shows that the Communist leaders still desire ties with the West. CHI is a Western trained man and had only recently been given an appointment in the Government, that of chief of the Bureau of Foreign Investments.* The non-Communists take the appointment of CHI as another indication of the independence of China from the Soviets.
4. MAO Tse-tung in the presence of non-Communists in the Chinese Government has shown that he is particularly desirous that China not become involved in a war between the USSR and the US. MAO frequently asks about US plans in Southeast Asia.

Comment.

CHI Chao-ting is well known to have been sympathetic to the Chinese Communist cause, though not identified with the Party, for some time before the formation of the new government.

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